CHAPTER 567

FAUNA AND FLORA PROTECTION

Ordinances Nos. 2 of 1937. 31 of 1942. 12 of 1944, 12 of 1945. Acts Nos. 38 of 1949. 44 of 1964. 1 of 1970.

Short title. **1.** This Ordinance may be cited as the Fauna and Flora Protection Ordinance.

PART I

NATIONAL RESERVES AND SANCTUARIES

Constitution of National Reserves. Strict National Parks. Nature Reserves. Jungle Corridors. Intermediate Zones, and Sanctuaries. [§ 2. 44 of 1964.]

2. (1) The Minister may by Order published in the Gazette declare that any specified area of State land shall for the purposes of this Ordinance be a National Reserve and may by that Order or by any Order subsequently published in the Gazette declare that the whole or any specified part of any such National Reserve shall be-

- (a) a Strict Natural Reserve; or
- (b) a National Park ; or
- (c) a Nature Reserve ; or
- (*d*) a Jungle Corridor; or
- (e) an Intermediate Zone.

(2) The Minister may by Order published in the Gazette declare that any specified area of land within Sri Lanka (other than land declared to be a National Reserve) shall be a Sanctuary for the purposes of this Ordinance.

(3) An area declared to be a Sanctuary may include both State land and land other than State land.

(4) The Minister may by Order published in the Gazette declare that from a specified date—

 (a) the limits of any Strict Natural Reserve, National Park, Nature Reserve, Jungle Corridor or Intermediate Zone shall be altered or varied; [1st March. 1938.]

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- (b) any National Reserve or part thereof shall cease to be a National Reserve;
- (c) any Sanctuary or part thereof shall cease to be a Sanctuary ;
- (d) that a National Reserve of one class shall be a National Reserve of another class.

(5) (a) The Minister may, by Order, [§ 3.1 of declare that the limits of any National 1970.] Reserve or Sanctuary shall be altered or varied.

(b) Any Order made by the Minister under this subsection shall have no effect unless it has been approved by Parliament and notification of such approval is published in the Gazette.

- **3.** (1) Save as hereinafter provided—
- (a) no person shall be entitled to enter any Strict Natural Reserve, Nature Reserve or Jungle Corridor or in any way to disturb the fauna and flora therein;

Essential features of Strict Natural Reserves, Jungle Corridors, National Parks, Sanctuaries and Intermediate Zones. [§3,44 of 1964.]

- (b) no person shall be entitled to enter Zones. any National Park except for the [\$3,44 of purpose of observing the fauna and flora therein;
- (c) no animal shall be hunted, killed or taken and no plant shall be damaged, collected, or destroyed, in a Strict Natural Reserve, National [§ 3, 44 of Park, Nature Reserve or Jungle ^{1964.]} Corridor,

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[§ 2. 44 of 1964.] [§ 3. 1 of 1970.]

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[§ 3, 44 of 1964.]

[§ 4. 1 of 1970.]

(d) no person shall hunt, shoot, kill or take any wild animal, or take or destroy any egg of any bird or reptile or any nest of any bird, in any Sanctuary.

(1A) No person shall, on any State land or any part thereof within any Sanctuary, carry, or have in his possession or under his control, a gun, or a cartridge or other explosive of any description except under the authority, and in accordance with the terms or conditions, of a permit issued by the prescribed officer upon the payment of the prescribed fee. The preceding provisions of this subsection shall be in addition to, and not in derogation of, the provisions of the Firearms Ordinance.

> (2) Any person shall be entitled, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed, to enter any Intermediate Zone and to hunt, shoot, kill or take any wild animal therein.

(3) Nothing in the preceding provisions' [§ 4. 1 of 1970.] of this section shall be deemed or construed to prohibit or restrict the exercise by any person of any right acquired by him, whether by law or custom or usage, in or over any land situated within the limits of any Nature Reserve, or Jungle Corridor, or in or over any State land in any Sanctuary, being a right which was so acquired by such person prior to the date of the establishment of such Reserve, Corridor or Sanctuary.

[§ 4. 1 of (4) Any right referred to in subsection (3) 1970.] which has not been. or is not. exercised by the person entitled thereto for a continuous period of two years shall be deemed to have lapsed, or to lapse, and to have been, or to be, ceded to the State.

Restriction of 4. (1) No person other than the Director entry into shall enter or remain within any Strict Strict Natural Natural Reserve except-Reserves.

- (a) for the purpose of discharging any official duty on the instructions or with the written permission of the Director; or
- (b) under the authority and in accordance with the conditions of a written permit from the Director.

(2) A permit under subsection (1) (b)shall be issued only for the purpose of authorizing scientific research.

5. (1) No person shall enter or remain Restriction of within any National Park except under the the Parks. authority and in accordance with conditions of a permit issued by the prescribed officer on payment of the prescribed fee.

(2) A permit under subsection (1) shall be issued only for the purpose of enabling the permit-holder to study or observe the fauna and flora in a National Park.

(3) If no fee is prescribed for the issue of a permit under subsection (1), such permit shall be issued free of charge.

5A. (1) No person shall enter or remain Restriction of within any Nature Reserve or Jungle Corridor except under the authority and in accordance with the conditions of a permit Jungle issued by the prescribed officer on payment of the prescribed fee.

entry into Nature Reserves and Corridors. [8 4, 44 of 1964.]

entryinto

National

(2) If no fee is prescribed for the issue of a permit under subsection (1), such permit shall be issued free of charge.

6. (1) No person shall in a Strict Acts prohibited Natural Reserve, National Park, Nature Reserve or Jungle Corridor-

(d) hunt, shoot, kill, wound or take any wild animal or have in his possession or under his control any wild animal, whether dead or alive, [§ 5, 44 of or any part of such animal; or

in Strict Natural Reserves, National Parks. Nature Reserves and Jungle Corridors. 1964.] [§ 5, 1 of 1970.]

- (b) take or destroy any egg of any bird or reptile, or any nest of any bird ; or
- (c) fire any gun or do any other act which disturbs or is likely to disturb any wild animal or do any act which interferes or is likely to interfere with the breeding place of any such animal: or
- (d) fell, girdle, lop, tap, burn or in any way damage or destroy any plant, or take, collect, or remove any plant therefrom; or
- (e) clear or break up any land for cultivation, mining or for any other purpose; or

- (f) kindle or carry any fire; or
- (g) possess or use any trap or any explosive or poisonous substance capable of being used for the purpose of injuring or destroying any animal or plant; or
- (*h*) make any fresh clearing; or
 - (i) except under the authority of a permit issued in that behalf by the prescribed officer. erect any whether permanent building. or temporary, or occupy any building so erected: or
 - (j) construct or use any road or path so constructed by him.

(2) No person shall introduce any animal into any Strict Natural Reserve, National Park, Nature Reserve or Jungle Corridor, or tether. liberate or release any animal therein.

(3) No person shall lead, or allow to stray any domestic animal into any National [§ 37. 1 of Reserve- It shall be lawful for the Director or any officer authorized by the Director to seize any domestic animal within any National Reserve and to release it to the owner thereof on the payment of a prescribed fine if such animal is claimed within twenty-eight days of such seizure. Any animal not so claimed may be disposed of by the Director in such manner as he may deem fit.

Acts prohibited **6A.** (1) No person shall fish or take any in National acquatic animal or plant from any waters Reserves, and within a National Reserve, or Sanctuary Sanctuaries. which is on State land, except under the authority, and in accordance with the conditions, of a permit issued by a prescribed officer on payment of the prescribed fee.

> (2) No person shall remove any object of archaeological, pre-historic, historical, geological or other scientific interest, or any other object of mineral value, from any National Reserve or Sanctuary except under the authority, and in accordance with the conditions, of a permit issued by the prescribed officer on payment of the prescribed fee.

(3) If no fee is prescribed for the issue of a permit under subsection (1) or subsection (2), such permit shall be issued free of charge.

(4) Where the prescribed officer is [§ 6, 1 of satisfied that any application for the issue 1970:1 of a permit under subsection (1) is for the purpose of enabling the applicant to catch fish in any waters referred to in that subsection for the local consumption of the inhabitants of any village who have, by custom or usage, fished in such waters for that purpose, then, notwithstanding the provisions of that subsection, such officer shall issue such permit free of charge.

7. (1) No person shall, except accordance with regulations-

in Acts regulated in intermediate Zones and Sanctuaries. 1970.]

- (a) enter, or remain in, any Intermediate [§ 7, 1 of Zone:or
- (b) in any Intermediate Zone or Sanctuary-
 - (i) fire any gun, or do any other act which disturbs or is likely to disturb any wild animal or do any act which interferes or is likely to interfere with the breeding place of any such animal; or
 - (ii) hunt, shoot, kill, or take any wild animal, or have in his possession or under his control any wild animal, whether dead or alive, or any part of any such animal; or
 - (iii) take or destroy any egg of any bird or reptile or any nest of any bird; or
 - (iv) construct or use any hide or [§ 7, 1 of 1970.1 ambush on the ground or on any tree for hunting, shooting, injuring or wounding any wild animal, bird or reptile ; or
 - (v) set, lay or spread any pitfall, trap, snare or other instrument for the purpose of killing or capturing any wild animal, bird or reptile; or

[§ 5. 1 of 1970.]

[§ 5. 44 of 1964.]

1970.]

[§ 5. 44 of

1964.]

[§ 6, I of 1970.]

[§ 6. 44 of 1964.]

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- [§ 7. 1 of 1970.]

[§ 7, 1 of

1970.]

- (c) in any Intermediate Zone or on any State land within any Sanctuary-
 - (i) fell, girdle, lop, tap, burn or in any way damage or destroy any plant, or take, collect, or remove any plant therefrom; or
 - (ii) clear or break up any land for cultivation, mining or for any other purpose; or
 - (iii) kindle or carry any fire; or
 - (iv) possess or use any trap or any explosive poisonous or substance capable of being for the purpose of used injuring or destroying any animal or plant; or

(v) make any fresh clearing; or

- (vi) erect any building whether permanent or temporary or occupy any building SO erected unless such person is the holder of a permit issued in that behalf by the prescribed officer; or
- (vii) construct or use any road or path so constructed by him.

(2) No person shall, except in accordance with regulations, introduce any animal into any Intermediate Zone or tether, liberate or release any animal therein.

Actsprohibited in vicinity of National Reserve. [§ 7.44 of 1964.]

8. No person shall, from any road or land outside a Strict Natural Reserve, National Park, Nature Reserve, Jungle Corridor or Intermediate Zone, hunt, shoot, kill or take any wild animal in such reserve, park, corridor or zone.

Special regulations for Part 1.

9.

Regulations may be made—

(a) prescribing the conditions and restrictions subject to which persons may be permitted to enter any Intermediate Zone or to hunt, shoot, kill or take any wild animal therein:

- (b) prescribing the circumstances and cases in which and the conditions and restrictions subject to which wild animals may be hunted, shot, killed or taken in a Sanctuary;
- (c) prescribing the conditions to be attached to any permit issued for the purposes of this Part of this Ordinance and the fees to be paid for the issue of such permits ;
- (d) for the purpose of extending, with such modification as may be necessary, all or any of the provisions of Part II or of Part III of this Ordinance to any Intermediate Zone or Sanctuary;
- (e) for the purpose of extending, with such modification as may be necessary, all or any of the provisions of this Part of this Ordinance to any specified insect;
- (f) declaring that all or any of the provisions of this Part of this Ordinance shall not apply to any specified species of animal in any specified area.

10. Any person who acts in Offences and penalties under contravention of-Part1.

(a) any provision of this Part of this Ordinance ; or

- (b) any regulation made under section 9 for any purpose set out in that section; or
- (c) any provision of Part II or Part III of this Ordinance which has by regulation been extended, with or without modification, to any Intermediate Zone or Sanctuary; or
- (d) any provision of this Part of this Ordinance which has by regulation been extended, with or without modification, to any specified insect.

shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Interpretation of Part 1.

[§ 8, I of

1970.1

tuskers,

elephants,

and fowl in

National

[§ 8. 44 of

[§ 8. 44 of

1964.]

1964.]

11. In this Part of this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires-

- "animal" means any vertebrate or invertebrate animal and includes a bird, fish, or reptile ;
 - " domestic animal " means-
 - (a) any head of cattle, or any sheep, goat, horse, ass, mule, dog, or cat:
 - (b) any domestic fowl or other bird commonly reared by man as poultry; and
 - (c) when domesticated by man, any elephant, buffalo, pig, deer, hare, rabbit, peacock, parrot, pigeon, or other animal;
 - "plant" means any member of the vegetable kingdom and includes the seed or any other part of any plant;
 - " wild animal " means any animal which is not a domestic animal.

PART Π

TUSKERS. ELEPHANTS, BUFFALOES, DEER AND FOWL

Protection of 12. (1) Save as is hereinafter provided, no person shall, in any area outside a National Reserve or a Sanctuarybuffaloes.deer areas outside (a) hunt, shoot, kill, injure or take any tusker or elephant; or Reserves and Sanctuaries. (b) during the close season, hunt, shoot, kill, or take any deer or fowl; or (c) without a licence in that behalf from the Warden-(i) capture any buffalo;

> (ii) at any time other than during the close season hunt, shoot, kill or take any deer or fowl.

*(3) Every licence under subsection (1) shall be issued in the prescribed form on payment of the prescribed fee and shall

* Subsection (2) is repealed by Act No. I of 1970.

continue in force for such period and within such limits and be subject to such conditions as the Director may consider necessary or [§ 37,1 of 1970.] expedient to insert therein.

(4) The holder of any licence under [§ 8.44 of 1964.] subsection (1) (c) shall not later than fifteen days after the expiry of the licence return the expired licence to the Director or the [§ 37.1 of prescribed officer and intimate to him the 1970.] particulars of any buffalo, deer or fowl captured or killed.

13. (1) (a) Whenever it appears to the Declaration of areas in which Director that in any area outside a National damage by Reserve damage to any person or to any elephant, or house, crop, plantation or other property is buffalois apprehended. likely to be caused by any elephant or [§ 9, 44 of buffalo, he may by notices affixed in 1964.1 conspicuous places within that area declare [§ 2. 1 of that area to be one within which damage by 1970.] elephant or buffalo is apprehended and he [§ 37, 1 of 1970.] may take such steps as may be necessary or expedient to have the elephant or buffalo driven off or captured and may issue licences subject to such conditions as he may deem necessary either free or on payment of the prescribed fee, or of such fee not exceeding the prescribed fee, if any, as he may consider adequate, authorizing the licensee to capture such elephant or buffalo within that area while the declaration is in force.

(b) Whenever it appears to the Director [§ 37, 1 of 1970.1 that there is serious danger to life or property in the area referred to in subsection (1) (a), he may issue licences subject to such conditions as he may deem necessary or expedient either free or on payment of the prescribed fee or of such fee not exceeding the prescribed fee, if any, as he may consider adequate, authorizing the licensee to shoot, kill or take the elephant [§ 2, 1 of 1970.] or buffalo, as the case may be, within that area while the declaration is in force.

(2) Every declaration under subsection (1) shall be forthwith reported by the Director to the Minister and shall continue [§ 37, 1 of in force for a period of two months from the ^{1970.]} date of such declaration.

(3) The Minister may by notification in the Gazette extend or restrict the period for

which such declaration shall continue in force, or may otherwise vary or revoke such declaration, but without prejudice to anything done or suffered thereunder prior to the publication of such notification.

Shooting, killing or taking of elephants under special licence. [§ 10, 44 of 1964.] [§ 37, I of 1970.] [§ 2. 1 of 1970.]

14. Where the Director is satisfied that any elephant is found trespassing repeatedly in or upon any plantation or cultivated land and is causing serious damage to the owner of the plantation or cultivated land or likely to cause damage to life or property of those living therein, he may issue to any person a special licence, subject to such conditions as he may deem necessary or expedient, either free or on the payment of the prescribed fee or such fee not exceeding the prescribed fee, if any, as he may consider adequate, authorizing that person to follow or pursue such tusker or elephant to any place (not being a place within a National Reserve) and to shoot, kill or take such elephant.

Killing or taking of deer or fowl on cultivated land. [§ 11, 44 of 1964.]

Killing or

takingof

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1964.]

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15. (1) It shall be lawful for the owner or person in charge of any cultivated land at any time to set, lay or spread any trap, snare, net or pitfall in or upon that land for the purpose of killing or taking any deer or fowl which trespasses or attempts to trespass thereon.

(2) Save as provided in subsection (1), no person shall set, lay or spread any trap, snare, net or pitfall for the purposes of taking any deer or fowl.

16. Any person who in the exercise of any right conferred by or under section 13, elephants to be or section 14, or section 15, kills or takes any elephant, buffalo, deer or fowl, shall forthwith. [§ 12. 44 of forthwith report such killing or taking to any police officer entitled to officiate in the [§ 2, I of area within which such killing or capture took place or to any prescribed officer.

Property in elephants. taken by any person under the authority of tuskers, &c.. any licence issued under this Part of this killed or taken Ordinance, shall be the property of that under Part II, person, unless otherwise provided in the

[§ 2. 1 of 1970.]

(2) Subject the provisions to of subsection (1), every elephant which is killed or captured shall be the property of the State.

conditions attached to the licence.

17. (1) Any elephant duly killed or

(3) Any buffalo, deer, or fowl duly killed or taken by any person in accordance with the provisions of this Part of this Ordinance shall be the property of that person, unless otherwise provided in the conditions attached to the licence, where any such buffalo, deer or fowl was killed or taken under the authority of a licence.

Subject to such restrictions or Director 18. conditions as may be prescribed, the authorized to dispose of Director may, by sale or otherwise, dispose tusks and of the tusks or the carcase, or any part of carcases of dead elephants. the carcase, of any dead elephant which is [§ 10, 1 of the property of the State. 1970.1

19. (1) A royalty according to such Royalties payable on rates as may, from time to time, be export of prescribed shall be levied as export duty by elephants. [§ 2, 1 of the officers of customs at the port of shipment in respect of every elephant, 1970.] whether wild or tame, exported from Sri Lanka to any place outside Sri Lanka.

(2) No elephant, whether wild or tame, [§ 2, 1 of 1970,] shall be exported from Sri Lanka to any place outside Sri Lanka except under the authority of a special permit issued by the [§ 37. 1 of 1970.] Director.

(3) This section shall have effect as if it formed part of the Customs Ordinance and the provisions of that Ordinance shall apply accordingly.

20. Any person who-

Offences-Elephants.

- (a) in contravention of this Part of this Ordinance or contrary to the tenor of any licence issued to him thereunder, hunts, shoots, kills, injures, takes, follows, or pursues [§ 11,1 of 1970.] any elephant; or [§ 2. I of 1970.
- (b) exports any elephant, whether wild or [§ 2, 1 of tame, from Sri Lanka except under ^{1970.]} the authority of a special permit issued under section 19, or in any way evades payment of the royalty payable on such export,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding [§ 13. 44 of two thousand rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may [§ 13. 44 of extend to two years or to both such fine and

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imprisonment; and where any person who is convicted of an offence mentioned in paragraph (a) of this section in respect of the killing or taking of any elephant is found by the court to be in possession of that elephant or its carcase or tusks, the court may make order directing such elephant, carcase, or tusks to be delivered to the possession or custody of any officer of Government to be held by that officer for and on behalf of the State.

21. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), any person who takes, dismembers, removes, sells or purchases the carcase, or any part of the carcase, of any dead elephant which is the property of the State shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction he liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one month or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(2) Nothing in subsection (1) shall apply to the carcase or any part of the carcase of any dead elephant which is the property of the State if such carcase or such part of the carcase has been disposed of by the Director under section 18.

Offences Buffaloes, deer. or fowl.

22. Any person who—

- (1) in contravention of this Part of this Ordinance or contrary to the tenor of any licence issued to him thereunder, hunts, shoots, kills, or takes any buffalo, deer, or fowl; or
- (2) in contravention of this Part of this Ordinance—
 - (a) sets, lays, or spreads any snare, net, or pitfall for the purpose of killing or taking any deer or fowl; or
 - (b) during the close season, hunts, shoots, kills or takes any deer or fowl: or
- (3) during the close season takes or removes the eggs of any fowl,

shalS he guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding three hundred rupees or to imprisonment of [§ 15.44 of either description for a term which may ^{1964.]} extend to three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

22A. (1) No person shall own, have in Registration his custody or make use of an elephant and licensing of elephants. unless it is registered and unless a licence in [§ 16.44 of respect of the elephant has been obtained in 1964.] [§ 2, 1 of accordance with the provisions of this 1970.] section.

(2) Every person who owns or has in his custody an elephant shall register such elephant with the prescribed officer.

(3) Every person who owns or has in his custody an elephant shall, prior to registration, pay such registration fee as may be prescribed.

(4) The Director shall maintain a register [§ 37, 1 of of elephants in such form as may be ^{1970.]} prescribed.

(5) Every person who owns or has in his custody an elephant shall, upon payment of the prescribed licence fee, obtain from the prescribed officer an annual licence in respect of such elephant.

(6) Where a person becomes the owner, or obtains the custody, of an elephant by [§ 2, 1 of virtue of sale, gift, the death of the previous 1970.] owner or in any other manner whatsoever, such person shall immediately inform the Director or prescribed officer and, if the elephant is registered or licensed, take such [§ 37, 1 of steps as may be prescribed to have the ^{1970.]} previous registration and licence cancelled and to have a fresh registration made and a fresh licence obtained.

(7) Any person who owns, has in his custody or makes use of an elephant which [§ 2, 1 of is not registered, and in respect of which a licence has not hern obtained, in accordance with the provisions of this section, shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees or to imprisonment of either description which may extend to three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

1970.1

[§ 2, 1 of 1970.]

Offences-Dead elephants. [§ 12, I of 1970.]

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[§ 2, 1 of 1970.]

- (8) Regulations may be made—
- (a) specifying the officers to whom applications for registration of, and licences in respect of, elephants shall be made, and who shall have power to register and issue licences in respect of elephants;
- (b) specifying the particulars to be set out in any such application, in the document certifying such registration and in such licence, including reference to identification marks and other details of the elephant to which the application, document certifying registration or licence relates:
- (c) specifying the conditions subject to which such registration shall be made and licence issued and the fees payable for such registration and licence:
- (cf) specifying the form in which prescribed officers shall maintain registers under this section; and
- (e) specifying the manner in which any such registration or licence shall be cancelled and a fresh registration made and a fresh licence issued.

23. (1) Any person who is in unlawful possession of an elephant shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one year or to both such fine and imprisonment; and the court may on the conviction of any such person make order for the disposal of the elephant in respect of which the offence was committed, having regard to the rights of any other person who may appear to the court to be lawfully entitled to the possession of such elephant-

- [§ 2, I of 1970.] (2) A person who is found in possession of an elephant shall be deemed to be in unlawful possession of that elephant unless-
 - (a) he is the captor of that elephant under the authority of a licence issued

under this Ordinance or under any written law repealed by Ordinance No. 2 of 1937; or

- (b) he is the successor in title to such captor; or
- (c) he is in possession on behalf of such captor or his successor in title.

24. (1) No person shall have in his Tusks and tushes to be possession a tusk or tush unless such tusk or registered. tush has been registered with a prescribed [§ 18. 44 of officer. 1964.]

(2) Every prescribed officer shall keep a register for the registration of tusks and tushes in such form as may be prescribed.

(3) Any person who has in his possession a tusk or tush which has not been registered shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to two weeks or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(4) The court may, on the conviction of any person of an offence under subsection (3), make order for the disposal of the tusk or tush in respect of which the offence was committed, having regard to the rights of any other person who may appear to the court to be lawfully entitled to the possession of such tusk or tush.

- (5) Regulations may be made—
- (a) specifying the officer who shall have power to register tusks and tushes, and
- (b) specifying the form which in prescribed officers shall maintain registers under this section.

25. (1) Where it appears to the Director Power of or to any police officer or other prescribed officer that any person is in unlawful possession of any elephant, tusk or tush, it or tush on shall be lawful for the Director or such suspicion. police or other prescribed officer to seize such elephant, tusk or tush and detain such [§ 37, 1 of elephant and to apply to the Magistrate having jurisdiction over the place where the

Director, &c., to seize elephant, tusk [§ 19, 44 of 1964.] Ĩ970.] [§ 2, I of 1970.]

Penalty for unlawful possession of elephant. [§ 17, 44 of 1964,] [§ 2, I of 1970.]

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elephant, tusk or tush was seized to make order for the disposal of such elephant, tusk or tush and the Magistrate to whom such application is made may, after such inquiry as he may deem necessary, make such order for the disposal of the elephant, tusk or tush as the justice of the case may require.

(2) An order made under this section shall not affect the liability of any person to be prosecuted for any offence committed in respect of the elephant, tusk or tush to which the order relates.

26. (1) Any person who is in unlawful possession of—

- (*a*) the meat or flesh of any deer or fowl; or
- (b) the hide or horn of any deer; or

§ 13, 1 of (c) the skin, feathers or eggs of any fowl,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(2) A person who is found in possession of—

- (*a*) the meat or flesh of any deer or fowl; or
- (b) the hide or horn of any deer; or
- (c) the skin, feathers or eggs of any fowl,

shall be deemed to be in unlawful possession thereof unless such meat, flesh, hide, horn, skin, feathers or eggs, as the case may be, was or were part of or taken or obtained from any deer or fowl lawfully killed or taken in accordance with the provisions of this Part of this Ordinance.

Special regulations for Part II. [§ 37, 1 of 1970.] 27. Regulations may be made prescribing the circumstances in which and the conditions subject to which the Director may waive or reduce the fee prescribed for the issue of any licence under this Part of thisOrdinance.

28. In this Part of this Ordinance, unless Interpretation otherwise expressly provided or unless the of Part II. context otherwise requires—

" buffalo " means a wild buffalo ;

- " deer" means any of the following species of deer:—
 - (a) Sambur (Rusa unicolor unicolor),
 - (b) Spotted deer (Axis axis Ceyionensis\
 - (c) Red or barking deer (Muntiacus malabaricus),
 - (d) Mouse deer (Tragalus [§ 14. 1 of *meminna*); 1970.]
- "elephant" means a wild elephant, and includes a tusker, and for the purposes of section 22A, includes a tame or domestic elephant or tusker;
- " fowl" means any of the following species of fowl or partridge;—
 - (a) Pea fowl (pavo cristalus),
 - (b) Ceylon spur fowl (Galloperdix bisalcarata),
 - (c) Grey partridge (Francolinus pondicerianus),
 - (d) Painted partridge (Francolinus [§21.44 of pielus), 1964.]
 - (e) Jungle fowl (gallus lafayetteii), [\$21,44 of 1964.]
 - (f) Ceylon jungle bush quail [§21, 44 of (perdicula asialica Ceyionensis), 1964.]

[§ 2 1 , 44 of 1964.]

[§21.44 of

1964.]

- " tusk " means the tusk of a tusker;
- " tush " means the tush of a tusker;
- " tusker " means a wild elephant with a [§ 14, 1 of pair of incisors (teeth) or a single ^{1970.]} incisor.

29. The foregoing provisions of this Part II not to of this Ordinance shall have no application to the hunting, killing, taking, pursuit, or possession of—

 (a) any elephant seized or taken at any [§2, 1 of elephant kraal held under the ^{1970.]} Elephant K-raal Ordinance, or

[§ 13, 1 of 1970.]

[§19, 44 of 1964.]

[§ 2, I of 1970.]

Penalty for

possession of meat. &c., of deer and fowl.

unlawful

[§ 20, 44 of 1964.]

(b) any buffalo seized or taken at any buffalo kraal held in such manner and circumstances and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.

PART III

BIRDS. BEASTS, AND REPTILES

Offences relating to birds. [§ 22, 44 of] **30.** (1) Any person who in any area outside a National Reserve or a Sanctuary—

- (a) knowingly kills, wounds or takes any bird; or
- (b) takes or destroys the eggs or nest of any bird; or
- (c) uses any boat or any lime, snare, net, trap or other instrument for the purpose of killing or taking any bird; or
- (d) has in his possession or under his control any bird recently killed or taken, or the skin of any bird recently killed or taken, or the feathers of any bird recently killed or taken or the recently taken eggs of any bird; or
- (e) exposes or offers for sale any bird or any part of any bird,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to three months or to both such fine and imprisonment;

Provided that no person shall be deemed to have committed an offence under this section in relation to any bird specified in Schedule I at any time of the year, and in relation to any bird specified in Schedule II in the open season.

(2) A person shall not be guilty of an offence under this section if the act which constitutes such offence has been done in the circumstances and subject to the conditions under which such act is

authorized or permitted by any regulation made under section 32.

31. (1) Any person who in any area Offences relating to relating the control of the serve of Sanctuary—

(a) kills, wounds or takes any reptile or beast included for the time being in Schedules III and IV; or

relating to reptiles and beasts included in Schedules III and IV. [§ 23, 44 of 1964.] [§ 15, 1 of 1970.]

[§ 37, 1 of 1970.]

- (b) takes or destroys the eggs or nest of any such reptile ; or
- (c) uses any boat or any lime, snare, net, trap or other instrument for the purpose of killing or taking any such reptile or beast; or
- (d) has in his possession or under his control any such reptile or beast recently killed or taken or the skin of any such reptile or beast recently killed or taken, or the recently taken eggs of any such reptile ; or
- (e) exposes or offers for sale any such reptile or beast or any part of any such reptile or beast; or
- (f) purchases the skin of any such reptile or beast for the purpose of tanning or preparing such skin for use,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to three months or to both such fine and imprisonment:

Provided that no person shall be deemed to have committed an offence under this section in relation to any reptile or beast specified in Schedule IV in respect of any action permitted by virtue of a licence issued by the Director.

(2) A person shall not be guilty of an offence under this section if the act which constitutes such offence has been done in the circumstances and subject to the conditions under which such act is authorized or permitted by any regulation made under section 32.

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FAUNA AND [Cap.567 FLORA PROTECTION

(3) Every licence referred to in subsection [§ 23, 44 of 1964.] (1) shall be issued in the prescribed form on payment of the prescribed fee and shall be valid for such period and within such limits. and be subject to such conditions, as the [§ 37, 1 of Director may consider necessary 1970] expedient.

32. The Minister may by regulation Sections 30 and 31 prescribe the circumstances in which and the inapplicable in conditions subject to which any person may prescribed be authorized or permitted to do any act cases. [§ 16, 1 of which is penalized by section 30 or section 1970.] 31.

Alteration of Schedules L. IL 111 and IV. [§ 24, 44 of 1964.]

Proof of species of bird, beast, or reptile. [§ 17, 1 of 1970.]

[§ 25, 44 of 1964.]

*34. The Minister may by regulation add to, rescind, vary, or amend any of the provisions of Schedules I, II, III and IV.

35. (1) A certificate purporting to be signed by any competent authority to the effect that any bird. beast, or reptile or part of any bird, beast, or reptile forwarded to him for examination and report is a bird, beast, or reptile or a part of a bird, beast, or reptile of a species for the time being included in Schedule 1. Schedule II. Schedule III or Schedule IV, shall, on production in any court of law, be sufficient evidence of the facts stated in such certificate until the contrary is proved.

- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1), [§ 17, I of 1970.] expression "competent authority" the means-
 - (a) the Director of Museums;
 - (b) the Director, Zoological Gardens.

Temporary prohibition against killing or taking of birds in specified areas. [§ 18. I of 1970.]

36. The Minister may by notification in the Gazette declare that for a specified period no person shall shoot, kill, or take any bird of any species in any area outside a National Reserve or a Sanctuary mentioned in the notification; and any person who in any such area and during such specified period shoots, kills, or takes any bird, save on any cultivated land shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty-five rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one month or to both such fine and imprisonment.

* Section 33 is repealed by Act No. I of 1970.

(1) No person shall import into Sri Prohibition of 37. Lanka any living bird, beast, or reptile of a species which is not indigenous to Sri Lanka, or the eggs of any such bird or reptile, except upon a permit in the the prescribed form obtained from prescribed officer on payment of the prescribed fee.

import of non-

indigenous

and reptiles

Regulations relating to non-

without permits.

birds, beasts,

(2) This section shall have effect as if it formed part of the Customs Ordinance and the provisions of that Ordinance shall apply accordingly.

(3) In any case of doubt or dispute a certificate purporting to be signed by the Director of Museums to the effect that any bird. beast or reptile belongs to a species which is not indigenous to Sri Lanka or that any species of any bird, beast, or reptile is a species not indigenous to Sri Lanka, or that any egg of any bird or reptile is the egg of a bird or reptile of a species which is not indigenous to Sri Lanka shall for all purposes be final and conclusive as to the facts stated therein.

(4) In this section the expression "bird, beast, or reptile" does not include a domestic animal as defined in section 11.

38. Regulations may be made-

- indigenous (a) requiring any person who imports any birds, beasts, bird, beast or reptile on a permit and reptiles. issued under section 37 to produce a certificate from an approved authority that such bird, beast, or reptile is free from disease or infection;
- (b) prohibiting any bird, beast, or reptile imported on a permit issued under section 37 from being liberated or released in any pan of Sri Lanka, or prescribing any area or areas within which any such bird, beast, or reptile may be liberated or released ;
- (c) exempting any specified species of bird, beast, or reptile from the operation of section 37 or of any regulation made under this section.

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FAUNA AND FLORA PROTECTION

Penalties for unlawful import or release of nopindigenous birds, beasts. and reptiles.

39. (1) Any person who—

- (a) imports into Sri Lanka any bird, beast, or reptile in contravention of the provisions of section 37 or of any regulation made under section 38: or
- (b) contravenes regulation any made under section 38,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(2) Any person who liberates or releases any bird, beast, or reptile which has been imported into Sri Lanka in contravention of the provisions of section 37 shall be guilty of an offence and shall, in addition to any punishment to which he may be liable under subsection (1). be liable on conviction to a fine of five hundred rupees in respect of each bird, beast, or reptile so liberated or released.

40. (1) No person shall export from Sri Prohibition of export of birds. Lankabeasts, and

reptiles without

(a) any bird, beast or reptile, whether dead or alive ; or

(b) the eggs. feathers, or plumage of any bird, the horns or skin of any beast, or the eggs or skin of any reptile, or any other part of any bird, beast or reptile,

except upon a permit in the prescribed form obtained from the prescribed officer on payment of the prescribed fee.

- [§ 27. 44 of (2) Such permit shall not be issued except 1964.] for the promotion of scientific knowledge including supplies to museums, zoological gardens and in exchange for supplies to local museums or zoological gardens or for such other purposes as may be prescribed.
- [§ 27, 44 of (3) This section shall have effect as if it 1964.] formed part of the Customs Ordinance, and the provisions of that Ordinance shall apply accordingly.

(4) In this section—

[§ 27, 44 of 1964.]

1964.]

" bird " or " reptile " does not include any bird or reptile of a .species which is not indigenous to Sri Lanka;

" beast " does not include-

- (a) any animal the exportation of which is restricted by section 19. or
- (b) any domestic animal as defined in section 11. or
- (c) any beast of a species which is not indigenous to Sri Lanka.

(5) In any case of doubt or dispute a [§ 27.44 of certificate purporting to be signed by the Director of Museums to the effect that any bird, beast, or reptile belongs to a species which is not indigenous to Sri Lanka, or that any species of any bird, beast, or reptile is a species not indigenous to Sri Lanka, or that any part of any bird, beast, or reptile is a part of a bird, beast, or reptile of a species which is not indigenous to Sri Lanka, or that any egg of any bird or reptile is the egg of a bird or reptile of a species which is not indigenous to Sri Lanka shall for all purposes be final and conclusive as to the facts stated therein.

41. Any person who exports from Sri Penalty for Lanka any bird, beast, or reptile, whether unlawful dead or alive, or any part of any bird, beast, beasts, and or reptile, or any eggs, feathers, plumage, reptiles. horns or skin in contravention of the provisions of section 40 shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

export of birds.

Protection of plants included

in Schedule V.

I of

[§ 28.44 of 1964,]

[§ 19,

1970.]

PART IV

FLORA

- **42.** (1) No person shall in any area—
- (a) remove, uproot or destroy, or cause any damage or injury to, any plant which is for the time being included in Schedule V and —
 - (i) is the property of any other person; or

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[§ 26, 44 of

1964.]

a permit.

- (ii) is growing in any public place; or
- (b) destroy any plant which is for the time being included in Schedule V and is his own property ; or
 - (c) sell or expose or offer for sale any plant for the time being included in Schedule V,
- except upon a permit in the prescribed form obtained from the prescribed officer on payment of the prescribed fee.

(2) If no fee is prescribed for the issue of a permit for the purposes of subsection (1), that permit shall be issued free of charge.

Protected trees. **43.** No person shall uproot or destroy or cause any damage or injury to any tree (hereinafter called a "protected tree") growing in any public place and included [§ 29. 44 of 1964,]

> Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prohibit or to pcnali/e any act done by or on the orders of any person entrusted by the State or by any local authority with the charge or care of any protected tree if such act is done in order to stimulate the growth or to improve the condition or appearance or to secure the safety or to preserve the existence of any such tree.

44. The Minister may by regulation add to, rescind, vary or amend any of the provisions of Schedule V or Schedule VI;

Provided that no tree shall be so added to the list of trees in Schedule VI unless that tree is growing in a public place and unless in the opinion of the Minister the preservation or protection of that tree is necessary or desirable for scientific or aesthetic purposes or on religious or historical grounds.

45. Regulations may be made—

(a) prohibiting or regulating the exportation from Sri Lanka of any specified plant, whether or not such plant is included for the time being in Schedule V;

- (b) prohibiting or regulating the cultivation of any specified plant;
- (c) prescribing the conditions to be attached to any permit issued under section 42;
- (d) generally, for the protection and conservation of the wild vegetation, plant life and flora of Sri Lanka.

46. Any person who acts in Offences under contravention— Part IV.

- (a) of the provisions of section 42 or of any permit issued to him under that section or of any condition attached to any such permit; or
- (b) of the provisions of section 43; or
- (c) of any regulation made under section 45,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one month or to both such fine and imprisonment.

47. Nothing in this Part of this Savings-Ordinance shall affect the provisions of— Part IV.

- (a) the Forest Ordinance, or any rules or regulations made thereunder;
- (b) the Water Hyacinth Ordinance ;
- (c) the Plant Protection Ordinance, or of any regulation made thereunder;
- (d) the Tea Control Act, or of any regulation made thereunder;
- (e) the Rubber Control Act, or of any regulation made thereunder;
- (f) any other written law relating to the cultivation or to the regulation or the prohibition of the cultivation of any plant.

48. In this part of this Ordinance, unless Interpretation of Part IV.

" plant" means any member of the vegetable kingdom and includes the seed and any part of a plant other than the flower;

[§ 28, 44 of 1964.] [§ 19, 1 of 1970.]

[§ 28, 44 of 1964.] [§ 19, 1 of 1970;]

Alteration of

Schedules V

[§ 30, 44 of 1964.]

[§ 30, 44 of

Regulations

relating to

[§31, 44 of 1964.]

flora

1964.]

and VI.

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"public place " means any State land or land at the disposal of the State or land belonging to or vested in a local authority and includes any land which is not private property.

PART V

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Taxidermists and traders in animals, skins, &c., to be licensed. [§ 32, 44 of 1964.]

49. (1) No person shall carry on or exercise the business or trade of а taxidermist, tanner, curer or trophy-dealer, or any other business or trade involving the purchase or sale of any animal, whether dead or alive, or of any part of any dead animal, except upon a licence in respect of each such business or trade in the prescribed form obtained from the prescribed officer on payment of the prescribed fee.

(2) Every licence issued under subsection (1) shall be subject to the prescribed conditions and if no fee is prescribed for the issue of such a licence, it shall be issued free of charge.

(3) In this section "animal" means an animal as defined in section 11, but does not include a domestic animal as defined in that section.

(1) The Minister may 50. bv notification in the Gazette declare any road in any area outside a National Reserve or a Sanctuary to be a prohibited road for the purposes of this Ordinance.

(2) Any person who discharges any gun on any prohibited road or on any land adjoining any such road and reserved for its extension, protection or benefit, shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one month or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) Regulations may be made prescribing the means by which and the manner in which the fact that any road is a prohibited road for the purposes of this Ordinance may be brought to the notice of members of the public who have occasion to use that road or to travel thereon.

No person shall shoot at any bird or Prohibition of 51. animal from any position in or on any shooting from vehicles. moving or stationary vehicle of any kind.

52. No person shall use any artificial Prohibition of light for the purpose of enabling or facilitating the destruction of any bird or animal, whether by dazzling the vision of any such bird or animal or otherwise.

52A. No person shall shoot at, injure or Prohibition of kill any prescribed animal, reptile or bird shooting, &c.. within a distance of one hundred yards from water-holes a water-hole or place where animals usually [§ 33, 44 of go to drink water.

Except in accordance with Regulation of 53. regulations, no person shall on any State land or any public thoroughfare outside a National Reserve-

- (a) hunt, shoot, kill, or take any animal, National reptile, or bird, between sunset and Reserves. sunrise:
- (b) set, lay, or spread any net, pitfall, 1970.] trap, snare or other instrument for the purpose of killing or taking any [§ 34, 44 of animal, reptile, or bird ; or
- (c) construct or use any ambush, or hide [§ 34, 44 of on the ground or on a tree for the ^{1964,]} purpose of shooting or injuring any animal, reptile or bird.

53A. No person shall use any poison, Prohibition of the use of explosive or stupefying substance for the poison, &c., on purpose of poisoning, killing or stupefying animals, any animal, reptile or bird. reptiles or birds.

53B. No person shall have in his Prohibition of possession, sell, expose for sale or transport the flesh of any animal, reptile or bird which has been killed or taken by the use of any animal, reptile poison, explosive, or stupefying substance:

Provided that no person shall be &c. convicted under this section if he proves [§ 35, 44 of that he did not know and had no reasonable cause to believe that the animal, reptile or bird, whose flesh he is charged with having in his possession, selling, exposing for sale or transporting, had been killed or taken by the use of any poison, explosive, or stupefying substance.

use of artificial lights.

in vicinity of 1964.] [§ 20. 1 of 1970.] hunting, shooting, &c., on State land or public thoroughfare outside [§ 34, 44 of 1964.] [§2I, 1 of 1964.1

[§ 35, 44 of

the possession,

or bird killed

or taken by the

use of poison,

1964.]

&c.. of the

flesh of any

1964.]

No gun to be discharged on a prohibited road.

Prohibition of the flesh of any animal, reptile or bird the is prohibited.

54. No person shall at any restaurant, serving as food hotel, rest-house or eating house, serve or authorize the serving of any food which constitutes or contains the flesh of any killing of which animal, reptile or bird the killing of which is that time prohibited under this at Ordinance.

Circumstances in which acts otherwise [§ 37, 44 of 1964.] [§ 37, I of 1970.]

Refusal and

licences and

[§ 37, 1 of 1970.]

permits.

55. (1) The Director may by a writing under his hand authorise any person to do prohibited may any act otherwise prohibited or penalized be authorized. under this Ordinance or any regulation made thereunder, if in the opinion of the Director such act should be authorized for the protection, preservation or propagation, or for the scientific study or investigation, or for the collection of specimens for a zoo, museum or similar-institution, of the fauna and flora of Sri Lanka.

> (2) No person authorized under subsection (1) to do any act shall, by reason only of the commission of that act, be guilty of an offence under this Ordinance or any regulation made thereunder.

PART VI

GENERAL

LICENCES AND PERMITS

56. (1) The Director or any officer revocation of empowered to issue a licence or permit under this Ordinance or any regulation made thereunder may in his discretion-

- (a) insert in any such licence or permit condition which any he may consider necessary or expedient;
- (b) refuse to issue any such licence or permit;
- (c) revoke any such licence or permit, by notice in writing to the person to whom such licence or permit was issued.

(2) Any person aggrieved by the refusal or revocation of any permit or licence (other than a licence under section 49) may appeal against such refusal or revocation to the Minister.

(3) Any person aggrieved by the refusal to issue a licence under section 49 or by the revocation of any licence issued under that section may appeal against such refusal or revocation to the Minister.

(4) The decision of the Minister on any appeal preferred under subsection (2) or subsection (3), as the case may be, shall be final and conclusive.

(5) Regulations may be made prescribing the time within which appeals shall be preferred and generally in respect of all matters incidental to or connected with the hearing or disposal of such appeals.

57. (1) No person other than the person Licences and named in any licence or permit issued under this Ordinance or any regulation made thereunder shall be entitled under cover of that licence or permit to do any act to authorize which that licence or permit was issued.

permits not to he transferred.

(2) Any person who transfers to any other person any licence or permit issued to him under this Ordinance or any regulation made thereunder shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one month or to both such fine and imprisonment.

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

58. Any person who does any act in General contravention of any of the provisions of penalty. this Ordinance or of any regulation or of any condition inserted in any licence or permit issued under this Ordinance or under any regulation shall be guilty of an offence punishable, where no other penalty is expressly provided by this Ordinance, with a fine not exceeding three hundred rupees or [§ 38, 44 of with imprisonment of either description for ^{1964.}] a term which may extend to three months or with both such fine and imprisonment.

against

1970.]

elephants.

Notwithstanding anything in any Special penalty 58A. other provision of this Ordinance, where for offences any person is convicted of the offence of killing, hunting, shooting, injuring or [§ 22, 1 of taking, or of having in his possession or under his control, any wild elephant within

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a Natural Reserve or Sanctuary, he shall be liable to be punished with a fine not exceeding three thousand rupees, or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to three years, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

59. Any person who attempts to commit Attempts and abetment. or abets the commission of any offence under this Ordinance or any regulation made thereunder shall himself be guilty of the same offence.

60. (1) An act otherwise prohibited or General exceptions to penalised under this Ordinance or any criminal regulation made thereunder shall not be an liability. offence if it is done—

1964.]

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- (a) for the purpose of protecting any [§ 39, 44 of human being or any domestic animal from any immediate danger or from injury by any wild animal; or
- (b) for the purpose of killing or taking in [§ 39, 44 of 1964.] or in the immediate vicinity of any human dwelling or of the land in which such dwelling is situate any leopard, bear. wild boar, crocodile or poisonous reptile.

(2) In this section the expressions "animal", "domestic animal" and "wild animal" respectively have the meanings assigned to those expressions in section 11.

(3) The following provisions shall apply [§ 23, 1 of in any case where any wild animal is killed taken bv any person or in such circumstances that such killing or taking is not an offence by virtue of the operation of subsection(1):-

- (a) such person shall forthwith report such killing or taking to any police officer or grama seva niladhari entitled to officiate in the area within which such killing or taking took place, or to any prescribed officer:
- (b) such police officer or grama seva niladhari or prescribed officer, as the case may be, shall, upon the receipt of such report, investigate the circumstances in which such
- * Section 61 is repealed by Act No. 44 of 1964.

killing or taking took place and report the result of the investigation to the Director:

- (c) such wild animal shall be the property of the State and accordingly such police officer or grama seva niladhari or prescribed officer, as the case may be-
 - (i) shall, if such wild animal was so taken, take over such wild animal for and on behalf of the State; or
 - (ii) shall, if such wild animal was so killed, take over the carcase of such wild animal for and on behalf of the Slate, and shall thereafter sell such carcase by public auction, issue a receipt in respect of such sale to the purchaser, and credit the proceeds of such sale to the Wild Life Preservation Fund.

(4) Any person who fails to report the [§ 23, 1 of killing or taking of any wild animal to any police officer or grama seva niladhari or prescribed officer as required by paragraph (a) of subsection (3) shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a period which may extend to three months or to both such fine and [§ 40, 44 of imprisonment.

*62. The Director may at any time Power to compound anv offence under this Ordinance; and where a prosecution has been entered against any person for any offence under this Ordinance, the Director may compound such offence at any time before judgment and may withdraw such prosecution.

63. It shall be lawful for a Magistrate Offences to summarily to try any offence under this Ordinance or under any regulation :

Provided that nothing herein contained shall affect the right of a Primary Court to try any such offence in respect of which jurisdiction is conferred on such court.

1970.]

1964.1

compound offences. [§ 37, 1 of 1970.]

be triable

summarily by

Magistrates'

Courts.

Power of Magistrate's Court to make order of confiscation. [§ 2, I of 1970.]

[§ 24, 1 of 1970.]

Share of fines to the Wild Life Preservation Fund. [§ 41, 44 of 1964,] [§ 25. 1 of 1970.] [§ 37, 1 of 1970.]

Powers of

arrest and

[§ 42, 44 of

search.

1964.]

the court before which the offender is convicted and may be disposed of in .such manner as the court may direct. (2) In this section "animal" means an animal as defined in section 11. Where a prosecution under this 65 Ordinance or any other written law is instituted by an officer of the Department of

Wild Life Conservation, the court may direct that one-half of any fine recovered in the case shall be paid into the Wild Life Preservation Fund which shall be maintained and operated on by the Director in the prescribed manner.

64. (1) Except as is hereinbefore

expressly provided in regard to the disposal

of any elephant or of the carcase of any

elephant or the tusks of any tusker on the

conviction of any person for an offence

relating to an elephant, any animal or any

part of any animal in respect of which any

offence has been committed and any gun,

vehicle, boat, artificial light, snare, net, trap,

or other instrument, contrivance, appliance

or thing used in or for the commission of

any offence may be confiscated by order of

66. (1) Where a police officer or prescribed officer has reasonable grounds for believing that any person has committed an offence he may, subject to such restrictions as may be prescribed-

- (a) require such person to produce for his inspection any animal or bird or the carcase or part of the carcase of any animal or bird in his possession, or any licence, permit or other document issued to him or required to be kept by him under the provisions of this Ordinance ;
- (b) stop and search any person or any boat, vessel or vehicle and open any package or container found on such person or carried in such boat, vessel or vehicle;
- (c) seize any animal or bird or the carcase or part of the carcase of any animal or bird in the possession of any person and appearing to such officer to be the property of the State under the provisions of this Ordinance ;

- (d) unless he is satisfied that such person will appear and answer any charge preferred against him, arrest and detain such person without warrant and seiz.c anything in his possession which may be produced in evidence [§ 26, 1 of 1970.] of his offence:
- (e) seize any boat, vessel, vehicle, gun, [§ 26, I of 1970.] cartridge, knife, torch, battery, or any other article or equipment which appears to such officer to have been used in the commission of the offence, or which may be produced in evidence of the offence.

(2) Any person who without reasonable cause fails to produce and hand over anything which a police officer or prescribed officer acting under the provisions of this section may require him to produce or hand over, shall be guilty of an offence.

- (3) Any person who-
- [§ 26, 1 of 1970.]

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- (a) fails or refuses to stop any boat, vessel or vehicle when called upon to do so by a police officer or prescribed officer. or
- (b) does not allow the search of any boat, vessel or vehicle by a police officer or prescribed officer, or
- (c) refuses to be searched by, or obstructs or resists, or escapes or attempts to escape from the custody of. a police officer or prescribed officer acting the provisions under of this Ordinance,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Any officer appointed for the Offences by 66A. purposes of this Ordinance under section officers. 68—

[§ 27, I of 1970.]

(a) who is guilty of prevarication in any judicial trial for an offence under this Ordinance: or

[§ 26, 1 of 1970.]

(b) who wilfully fails in his duty to report any offence under this Ordinance,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one month or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Power to ascertainname and address of an offender. [§27. I of 1970.]

Erection of barriers and

vehicles. &c..

Reserve, &c.

[§ 37, 1 of

[§ 28, I of

search of

on roads adjoining

National

1970.]

1970.]

66B. Where any person is found offending against any part of this Ordinance, it shall be lawful for any prescribed officer to require the person offending to state his name and place of abode, and in case a person so offending after being so required refuses to state his correct name or place of abode or states a name or place of abode which is incorrect. he shall be guilty of an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

67. (1) For the purpose of preventing the commission of offences against section 8 of this Ordinance on any portion of any road running alongside a Strict Natural Reserve, National Park or Intermediate Zone, Nature Reserve, Jungle Corridor or Sanctuary-

- (a) it shall be lawful for the Director to cause barriers to be placed across each end of that portion of the road, so as to enable vehicles to be stopped and searched thereat as hereinafter provided ; and
- (b) it shall be lawful for a prescribed officer to stop at such barrier any vehicle which is about to enter that portion of the road, and to search the vehicle and any person in the purpose vehicle. for the of ascertaining whether any gun is being carried therein, and in any case where any gun is so found therein, to require the person for the time being in charge of the vehicle to permit such officer or any other person specified by such officer to travel in that vehicle during the whole or any part of the journey to be performed on that portion of the road.

* See sections 2 and 11 of the Maritime Zones Law.

(2) Where the person for the time being in charge of any vehicle which is stopped at any barrier under subsection (1) refuses, upon being required so to do under that subsection, to permit a prescribed officer or any person specified by such officer to travel in the vehicle, it shall be lawful for the prescribed officer to take such steps as may be necessary to prevent the vehicle from proceeding beyond the barrier.

67A. Where any offence under this Jurisdiction Ordinance is committed by any person in over offences any part of the territorial waters* of Sri sea. Lanka, the Magistrate's Court having [§ 29, 1 of jurisdiction-

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- (a) over the part of the coast nearest to which the offence was committed ; or
- (b) over the place at which the person came ashore after the commission of the offence.

shall have jurisdiction to try the offence.

67B. (1) Notwithstanding anything to Offences under the contrary in the First Schedule to the the Ordinance Code of Criminal Procedure Act, every cognizable and offence under this Ordinance shall be a bailable. cognizable offence and a bailable offence [§ 29, I of within the meaning of that Act.

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(2) The Director and every prescribed officer shall have the power to release any person arrested under this Ordinance on bail or on such person executing a bond with or without sureties.

67C. The Director and every prescribed The Director officer shall be deemed to be a peace officer and prescribed within the meaning of the Code of Criminal peace officers. Procedure Act for exercising, for the [§ 29, 1 of purposes of this Ordinance, any power ^{1970.]} conferred on peace officers by that Act.

67D. (1) The Director and, subject to Power of the provisions of subsection (2), every prescribed officer shall exercise the powers that may be exercised in respect of inquiries. cognizable offences by an inquirer, or by an [§ 29, 1 of officer in charge of a police station, under the provisions of Chapter XI of the Code of Criminal Procedure Act.

officers to be

Director and prescribed officers to hold 1970.]

(2) The powers referred to in subsection (1) shall not be exercised by a prescribed officer in any place which is outside the limits of the area to which he is appointed.

(3) An inquiry under this section shall be held at or in the neighbourhood of the place in which the offence is alleged to have been committed.

Arrests. searches, &c., how to be made, [§ 29, 1 of 1970.j

67E. The provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure Act relating to arrests, searches, search warrants, the release of persons arrested on bail or on the execution bonds, the production of persons of arrested, and the investigation of offences shall be held to be applicable to all action taken in these respects under this Ordinance.

67F. Where any person convicted of any Ejectment from State land. offence under section 6 or section -7 in [§ 29, 1 of respect of any State land continues to be in 1970.] unlawful or unauthorized possession or occupation of such State land or any portion thereof, the district director of the district or area in which such State land is situated may issue a notice on such person forthwith to vacate the land of which he is in unlawful or unauthorized possession or occupation and if he fails to do so he may be ejected from the land under the procedure prescribed by sections 120 to 127 (both inclusive) of the Land Development Ordinance as if-

- (a) that land were a holding under that Ordinance,
- (b) the notice issued under this section were a notice under section 119 of that Ordinance,
- (c) the reference in section 124^* of that Ordinance to the person whose grant has been cancelled were a reference to the person to whom a notice under this section has been issued. and
- (d) the district director of the district or area in which that land is situate Government were the Agent discharging exercising, or performing in respect of a holding

power, duty or function anv imposed upon or assigned to the Government Agent under that Ordinance.

APPOINTMENT OF OFFICERS AND ADVISORY COMMITTEE

68. (1) For the purposes of Appointment this of officers. Ordinance, there may be appointed-

- (a) a person by name or by office to be or to act as Director, or as Deputy [§ 30. 1 of 1970.1 Director, Wildlife Conservation,
- (b) a person by name or by office to be or to act as district director, Wildlife [§ 30. I of Conservation, for any specified 1970.] district or area;
- (c) a person to act as an honorary district [§ 43. 44 of director. Wildlife Conservation, ^{1964.]} for any specified district or area;
- (d) such other officers and servants as [\$ 30, 1 of]may, from time to time, be 1970.] required.

(2) In the exercise of their powers and in the discharge of their duties under this Ordinance all persons, officers and servants appointed under this section shall be subject to the general direction and control of the Minister.

(3) All persons, officers and servants appointed under this section shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of the Penal Code.

69. The Director may with the approval Delegation of of the Minister delegate to any district powers of director or to any honorary district director [§ 44, 44 of in respect of his district or area any power 1964.] or duty conferred or imposed on the [§ 37, 1 of Director by this Ordinance or by any regulation made thereunder.

70. (1) The Minister may appoint an Advisory committee. advisory committee which shall consist of the Director as chairman and of eleven other persons, for the purpose of advising the Director and making recommendations to the Minister on all matters and questions relating to the fauna and flora of Sri Lanka.

* Section 124 of the Land Development Ordinance has been repealed by Act No. 16 of 1969.

Director. 1970.]

[§ 37, I of

1970.1

(2) Meetings of the advisory committee shall be held at least twice in every year.

(3) The advisory committee shall be entitled to determine its own procedure in any matter of procedure for which no provision is prescribed.

GENERAL REGULATIONS

General regulations.

[§ 37. 1 of

1970.]

71. (1) The Minister may make regulations for the purpose of carrying out or giving effect to the principles and provisions of this Ordinance.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by subsection (I), the Minister may make regulations for or in respect of all or any of the following matters :—

- (a) the circumstances in which and the conditions subject to which the Director may exercise the powers conferred on him by section 55,
 - (b) the circumstances in which and the conditions subject to which any licence or permit may be issued free of charge;
 - (c) the fee to be paid for any licence or permit issued under this Ordinance or under any regulation, and the mode and manner of payment or recovery of any such fee ;
 - (d) the prohibition or regulation of the import, manufacture, sale, possession or use of any head-gear so constructed as to be capable of being fitted with any lamp or artificial light or of any lamp constructed so as to be capable of being fitted into any head-gear;
 - (e) the period of office of the members of the advisory committee appointed under section 70, the manner in which meetings of that committee shall be convened, the procedure to be followed at such meetings, and the manner in which the recommendations of that committee shall be made;
 - (f) the declaration of any period other than that specified in section 72 as a

close season in respect of any particular species of bird or beast either throughout the whole of Sri Lanka or in any specified area;

- (g) the establishment and administration [§ 45, 44 of of the "Wildlife Preservation 1964.]
 Fund " and the purposes for which that Fund may be employed ; and
- (h) all matters for which regulations are [§ 45. 44 of required or authori/ed to be made under this Ordinance, all matters stated or required by this Ordinance to be prescribed, and ail other matters incidental to or connected with such matters.

(3) Every regulation made by the Minister shall be brought before Parliament by a motion that such regulation shall be approved. No regulation made by the Minister shall have effect until it has been approved by Parliament, Notification of such approval shall be published in the Gazette.

(4) A regulation made by the Minister when approved by Parliament shall, upon notification of such approval in the Gazette, be as valid and effectual as if il were herein enacted.

INTERPRETATION AND SAVINGS

72. (1) In this Ordinance, unless the Interpretation. context otherwise requires—

- " close season " means the period from the thirtieth day of April to the thirtyfirst day of October in each year, or such other period as may be prescribed in respect of any particular species of bird or beast either throughout the whole of Sri Lanka or in any specified area;
- " cultivated land " includes land used foi chena cultivation when a crop is growing on such land ;
- "Director" means the person appointed [§31.1 of to be or to act as the Director ^{1970.]} Wildlife Conservation, for tht purposes of this Ordinance, anc includes the Deputy Director, Wildlift

Conservation, appointed for such purposes;

- [§31, 1 of "district director" means a district 1970.] director. Wildlife Conservation, appointed for the purposes of this Ordinance:
 - "Intermediate Zone" means an Intermediate Zone declared under section 2(1);
 - "gun" has the same meaning as in the Firearms Ordinance:
- "honorary district director" means an [§31.1 of 1970.] honorary district director. Wildlife Conservation, appointed for the purposes of this Ordinance;
- [§ 46. 44 of "Jungle Corridor" means a Jungle 1964.] Corridor for elephants constituted by Order under section 2 (1):
 - "local authority" includes any Municipality, Urban Council, Town Council, or Village Council and includes the inhabitants* of a village area constituted under the Village Councils Ordinance;
 - "National Park " means a National Park constituted by Order under section 2(1);
 - "National Reserve " means a National Reserve constituted by Order under section 2(1):
- [§ 46, 44 of "Nature Reserve" means a Nature 1964.] Reserve constituted by Order under section 2(1):
 - " offence " means an offence under this Ordinance or under any regulation ;
- [§ 46, 44 of " open season " means that portion of the 1964.] year that is not included in the close season:
 - " police officer " includes any grama seva niladhari appointed by a Government Agent to perform police duties;
 - * See Section 3 (now repealed) of Ordinance No, 9 of 1924.
 - + See also Section 2 and I i of the Maritime Zones Law.

- " prescribed" means prescribed by this Ordinance or by regulation ;
- " regulation " means a regulation made by the Minister under this Ordinance;
- "Sanctuary" means a Sanctuary constituted by Order under section 2(2);
- "Sri Lanka" includes the territorial waters of Sri Lanka;
- " State land " means all land to which the State is lawfully entitled together with all rights, interests and privileges attached or appertaining thereto:
- " Strict Natural Reserve " means a Strict Natural Reserve constituted by Order under section 2(1);
- " territorial waters " means the part of [§31,1 of the sea within a distance of three ^{1970.]} nautical miles from any point of the coast of Sri Lanka measured from the low-water mark of ordinary springtides.

(2) Any reference in this Ordinance or in any regulation or in any other written law to a Schedule of this Ordinance shall be deemed to be a reference to the Schedule for the lime being in force.

73. Every licence issued by any Savingsauthority under any written law repealed by Licences. Ordinance No. 2 of 1937 for the doing of any act for which a licence is required by this Ordinance shall be valid and continue in force until the expiration of the period for which it was granted.

74. All such proclamations, notifications Savings and orders issued, and all such regulations Proclamations, and rules made, and all such concessions. permissions and authorizations given, and all such royalties fixed under any written law repealed by Ordinance No. 2 of 1937 as are in force at the date on which this Ordinance comes into operation shall, so far as they relate to matters for which provision may in any manner be made under this

notifications. rules, &c.

Ordinance and so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance, continue in force unless or until provision in regard to such matters is made in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance.

Operation of Fisheries Ordinance. **75.** The provisions of the Fisheries Ordinance shall cease to be in operation

in any National Reserve or Sanctuary as from the date on which such National Reserve or Sanctuary is duly constituted under section 2; but, subject as aforesaid, the provisions of that Ordinance shall continue to be in operation in any area outside a National Reserve or a Sanctuary.

		Ľ
[Section 30.]	Tamil Name Andang Kakam Oor-Kakam Adaikalan-Kuruvi, Oor Kuruvi Nellu Kuruvi Nellu-Kuruvi Nellu-Kuruvi Thukanan-Kuruvi, Manjal-Kuruvi Manjal-Kuruvi Payatham-Kili Ranan-Kuli Kanan-Koli Payatham-Kili Kanan-Koli Payatham-Kili Nin-Kakam Nir-Kakam Nir-Kakam	
	Andang Kakam Oor-Kakam Adaikalan-Kuruvi Nellu-Kuruvi, T Nellu-Kuruvi, Thukanan-Kuru Payatham-Kili Kanan-Koli Kanan-Koli Nedung Kalut Nir-Kakam Nir-Kakam Nir-Kakam	
LE 1 re not protected	Sinhalese Name Kaka-Kaputa Kaputa, Kolomba Kaka Ge Kurulla Wee-Kurulla Wee-Kurulla Wee-Kurulla Wadu-Kurulla or Goiyan Kurulla Ranna-Girawa Kittala, Kitta Hanseya Diya-Kawa Diya-Kawa Diya-Kawa	
SCHEDULE 1 List of Birds that are not protected	Scientific Name Corvus macrorhynchos culminatus Corvus splendens protegatus Passer domesticus soror Uroloncha punctulata lineoventer Uroloncha striata striata Uroloncha kelaarti kelaarti Ploceus manyar flaviceps Ploceus philippinus Psittacula Krameri manillensis Porphyrio poliocephalus poliocephalus Anhinga melanogaster Phalacrocorax niger Phalacrocorax fuscicollis	
	English Name Black Crow Ceylon House-Crow Ceylon House-Sparrow Spotted Munia White-Backed Munia White-Backed Munia Ceylon Hill-Munia The Striate Weaver-Bird Baya or Common Weaver-Bird Rose Ringed Parakeet Purple Coot or Gallinule Purple Coot or Gallinule Purple Coot or Gallinule Purple Coot or Gallinule Pigmy Cormorant Indian Shag	
[§ 47, 44 of 1964.]	[§ 32, 1 of 1970.] [§ 32, 1 of 1970.]	

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	English Name	Scientific Name	Sinhalese Name	Tamil Name
	Ceylon Spotted Dove	Streptopelia chinensis ceylonensis	Alu-Kobeviya	Mani-Pura. Umi-Pura Pulli-Pura
	Indian Ring Dove	Streptopelia decaocto decaocto	Maha-Kobeviva	Kalli-Pura. Samhal-Pura
	Blue Rock-Pigeon	Columba livia intermedia	Gal-Pareyiya	Mada-Pura, Malai Pura
[§ 33, I of 1970.]	Bronze-Winged or Emerald Dove	Chalcophaps indica robinsoni	Nil-Kobeviva	Thamil-Pura
	Ceylon Orange Breasted Green Pigeon	Treron bicincta leggei	Bata-Gova Sinaduwa	Pachchai_Dura
	Pompadour, Green Pigeon	Treron pompadora pompadora	Bata-Gova, Sipaduwa	Pachchai-Pura
	Ceylon Southern Green Pigeon	Treron phoenicoptera phillipsi	Bata-Goya, Sipaduwa	Pachchai-Pura
	Common or Fantail-Snipe	Capella gallinago gallinago	Keswatuwa	Ullan Kuruvi
	Pintail Snipe	Capella stenura	Keswatuwa	Ullan-Kuruvi
	Wood Cock	Scolopax rusticola	Maha-Keswatuwa	Periva Ullan-Kuruvi
	Jack Snipe	Lumnocryptes minimus	(No Sinhalese or Tamil Names)	
[§ 33, 1 of 1970.]	Wood Sandpiper	Pringa gareola	Sili-Watuwa	Kottan
	Curlew	Numenius arquata orientalis	Maha Watuwa	Kumandy or Mussal-Kinandu or
	STATES CONTRACT AND CONTRACTS STRUCTURES			Muyal Kinandy
	Whimbrel	Numenius phaeopus phaeopus	Maha Watuwa	Kuthirai-Malai-Kottan
	Eastern Golden Plover	Pluvialis dominica fulva	Oleyiya, Rana-Watuwa	Kottan
	Grey Plover	Squatarola squatarola	Oleyiya	Kottan
	Painted Snipe	Rostratula benghalensis	Ulu-Keswatuwa,	Ullan-Kuruvi
		benghalensis	Raja-Watuwa	
	Watercock	Gallicrex cinerea	Wil-Kukkula	Tannir-Kili
	Ceylon Bustard-Quail	Turnix suscitator leggei	Bola-Watuwa	Kadai
	Blue-Breasted Quail	Excalfactoria chinensis chinensis	Pandara-Watuwa,	Kadai
			Wil-Watuwa	
	Cotton Teal	Nettapus coromandelianus coromandelianus	Mal-Seruwa	Raja-Tara or Kuluppai
[§ 33, 1 of 1970.]	Pintail	Anas acuta acuta	Seruwa	Tara
	Garganey	Anas querquedula	Seruwa	Tara
	European Teal	Anas crecca crecca	Seruwa	Tara
	Whistling Teal	Dendrocygna Javanica	Seruwa, Thumba-	Chilli-Tara

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SCHEDULE II

[§ 47, 44 of 1964.]

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	[§ 34. I of [970.]	List of W English Name Bear Monkey or Hill Wanduroo Grey Flying-Squirrel Highland Giant-Squirrel Highland Giant-Squirrel Hog Deer Water-Lizard or Water-Monitor Dugong Fishing Cat Rusty Spotted cat Dugong Fishing Cat Rusty Spotted cat Defit Island Pony Indian Pangolin Leathery Turtle Slender Loris Kelaart's Long clawed Shrew Ceylon Pigmy Shrew Long-tailed Shrew Long-tailed Shrew	Animals (including Reputes nut Scientific Name Pithecus vetulus monticola Petaurista Philippensis lanka Petaurista Philippensi	of Wild Animals (including Reptiles but not including Birds) absolutely: protected during hoth the Close and Open Seasons Scientific Name Close and Open Seasons Scientific Name Simhalese Name Tamil Na Simhalese Name Tamil Na Faturia macroura macoura materia Patravai Anil Pheromys layardi Phanawa or Hangu Periya Mundi Pheromys layardi Patravai Anil Pheromys layardi Patravai Anil Pheromys layardi Patravai Anil Pheromys layardi Patravai Anil Pheromys layardi Dandolena Wil-Muwa or Gona-Muwa Kabara Goya Manu Ura Dugong dugon Felis Rubiginosa Equus cabellus Kebellaya Demochelys Coricea Dhandi Nalai Anil Wal Balala or Koladiviya Kadal Pandi Kadal Pandi Suncus feroculus Erecoulus feroculus Erecoulus feroculus Corcidura miya Crocidura miya or Kunu miya Sinna Mungi 'elli Hik miya or Kunu miya Mungi 'elli Hik miya or Kunu miya Mungi 'elli	ted during both the [Section 31.] Tamil Name Periya Mundi Paravai-Anil Paravai-Anil Malai-Anil Malai-Anil Malai-Anil Malai-Anil Malai-Anil Malai-Anil Malai-Anil Malai-Anil Malai-Anil Malai-Anil Manu Kadatoponai Kaddupoonai Kadupoonai Kadupoonai Kadupoonai Kadupoonai Mungi 'elli Mungi 'elli
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Close and Open Seasons	Close and	ciose ana Open Seasons	
English Name	Scientific Name	Sinhalese Name	Tamil Name
Malpas's Bat	Kerivoula malpasi	Podi Wawula	Sinna vava
Ceylon Gerbil or Antelope-ra	Tatera ceylonica	Wel miya	Vel-'elli
Ceylon Mole-rat	Gunomys gracilis	Wel miya	Kurumb 'elli or Viel 'elli or Nell 'elli or Agillarne
Ceylon Spiny-mouse	Leggadilla fernandoni	Miya or Podi miya	Sund 'elli
Highland Coelomys or Spiny-rat	Coelomys mayori	Miya or Kelle miya	Yelli or Kart 'elli
Bicoloured Coelomys or Spiny Rat	Coelomys bicolor	Miya or Kelle miya	Yelli or Kart 'elli
Nillu Rat	Rattus montanus	Miya or Kelle miya	Yelli or Kart 'elli
Ceylon Palm-civet	Paradoxurus zeylonensis	Kalawedda	Marum Nai
Olive-backed logger-head	Lepidochelys olivacea	Mada kasbawa or Eramadhu	Kanga matteyan amai or Sith amai
		Kasbaya or Parai kasbaya or Batu kasbaya	startstild july
Giant brown-red logger-head	Caretta caretta gigas	Olugedi kasbava or Kannadi kasbava	Perunthale amai or Nai amai
Hawksbill turtle or Caret or Shell turtle	Eretmochelys imbricata	Pothu kasbava or Leli kasbawa or Pana kasbava	Alunk amai
Green turtle	Chelonia mydas	Gal kasbava or Mas kasbava or Vali kasbava	Perr amai or Pal amai
Starred tortoise or star tortoise	Testudo (Geochelone) elegans	Mayvara ibba or Hoomam ibba or Vairan ibba or Thãruka ibba	Katu amai or Katu petti amai

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FAUNA AND FLORA PROTECTION

[§ 47, 44 of 1964.]

F	AUNA AND FLORA PROTECTION	[Cap. 567
Section 31.]	Score and a constant of the second of the second provides of the sec	
e at any Time of the Year	Pulee Karadi Kulathu Muthale Chem-mookan Muthalai	
SCHEDULE IV List of Animals which shall not be shot except on a Special Licence at any Time of the Year	Sinhalese Name Kotiya (General term) Diviya (Male) Dividena (Female) Walaha Hale Kimbula, Ala Kimbula Pitta Gatteya, Gatte Kimbula, Gorekaya	
List of Animals which shall no	Scientific Name Panthera pardus fusca Melursus Ursinus Crocodylus palustris kimbula Crocodulus porosus Schneider	
	English Name Leopard Ceylon Bear Ceylon Swamp-Crocodile Marsh-Crocodile or Estuarine or Sea- Crocodile	
[§ 47, 44 of 1964.]		
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FAUNA AND FLORA PROTECTION

[§ 35, 1 of 1970.]

SCHEDULE V

PROTECTED PLANTS

	PROTECTE	D PLANTS		[Section 42.]
English Name	Botanical Name	Sinhalese Name	Tamil Name	
Wesak Orchid or May Orchid	Dendrobium Macarthiae Thw.	Wesak mala	_	
Baobab Tree or Judas bag, or Monkeybread- Tree	Adansonia digitata L.	—	Papparappuli or Perukka or Anaippuli	
Fox-tail Orchid or Ballicaloa Orchid	Rhynchostyles retusa Bl.	_	_	
Spagnum moss Bogmoss	Sphagnum zeylanicam Mitt.	_	_	
Primrose Orchid	Dendrohium Heterocarpum	_	_	
Daffodil Orchid	Ipsea Speciosa	_	_	
Anuradhapura Orchid	Vanda Tessellala (Roxburgh!!)	Rat-tha or Rassana		
_	Vanda Spathulata	_	_	
_	Cleistanthus collinus	Madara	Wudacha-maram	

[§47,44 of 1964.]

SCHEDULE VI

PROTECTED TREES

[Section 43.]

1. The tree popularly known as Knox's Tree, situated at Muthur in Koddiyar pattu in the administrative district

English Name		Tamarind
Botanical Name		Tamarindus indica
Sinhalese Name	.,	Siyambala
Tamil Name		Puli

*3. The tree popularly known as Orubendi-Siyambalagaha near about the 5 1/2 mile-post from the Elahera anicut on the Elahera Canal situated in the Matale District of the Central Province :----

English Name	 Tamarind
Botanical Name	 Tamarindus indica
Sinhalese Name	 Siyambala
Tamil Name	 Puli

* Item 2 omitted by Act No. I of 1970.